



Community Fit
Clinical / Practitioner Reference Group
22nd June 2016

Purpose of this evening

- Begin to discuss community care redesign
- Agree the principles that we will follow
 - ‘Outside in’
 - Locality / place based redesign
 - Building on existing developments
 - Be ambitious / unconstrained



Who said this?

“The Problem is not the Problem, the Problem is your attitude about the Problem.”





Community Fit Case for Change

Dr J. Karen Stringer

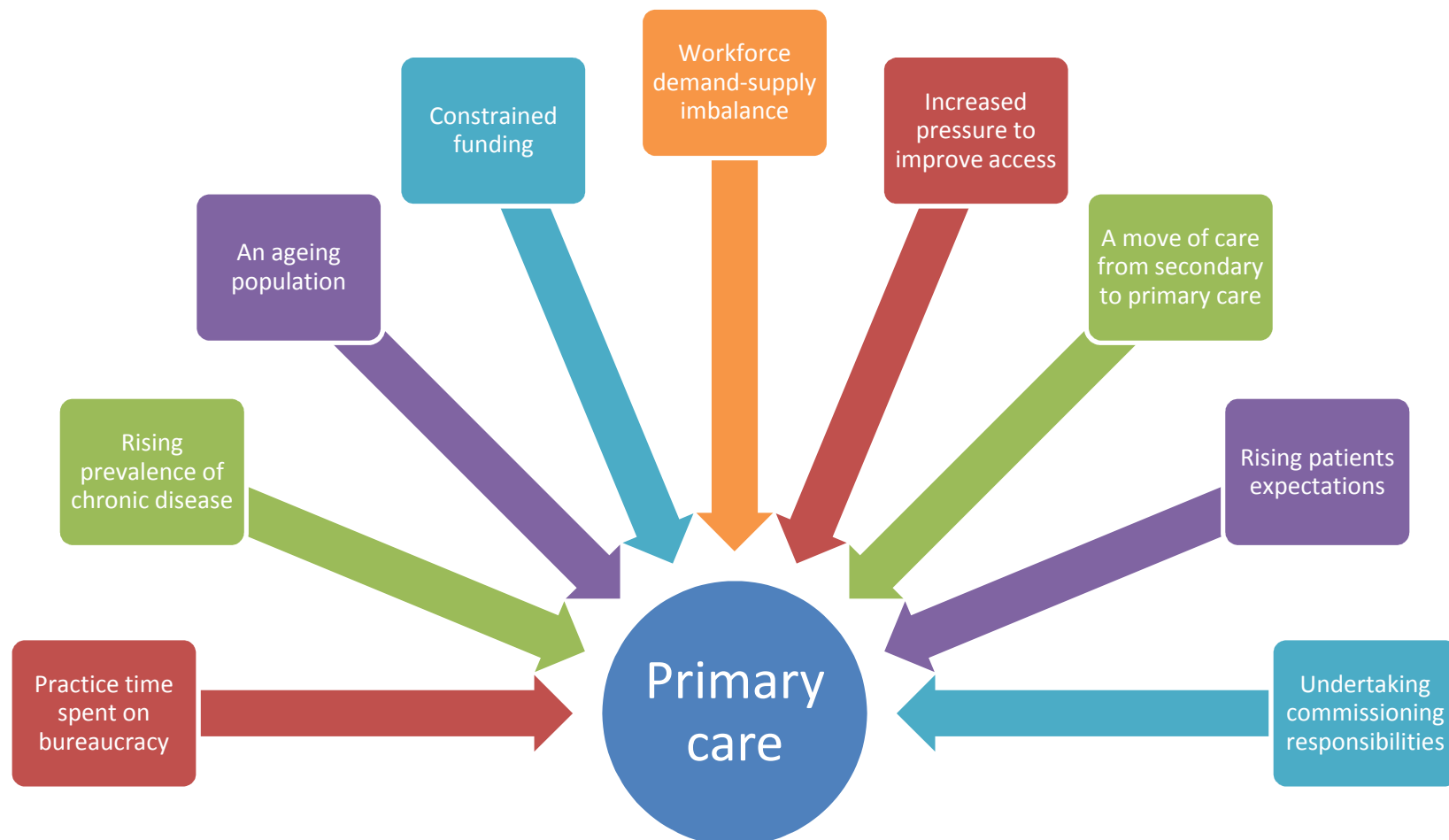
Sessional GP

**Associate Medical Director (Strategy), Shropshire
Community Health NHS Trust**

Our challenge

- Income
 - Our predicted deficit is £120m by 2020/21 across health and care system
 - Including a significant reduction in our Local Authority Budget
- Geography
 - Our rurality makes travel to services and service delivery more difficult
- Demographics
 - Our population in Shropshire is ageing (more than the national average) and 60% of us are likely to have 2 or more chronic diseases at the age of 60, rising substantially as we age.
- Workforce
 - Our workforce is also ageing and we are experiencing difficulty recruiting to some professions and localities.

Challenges Facing Primary Care



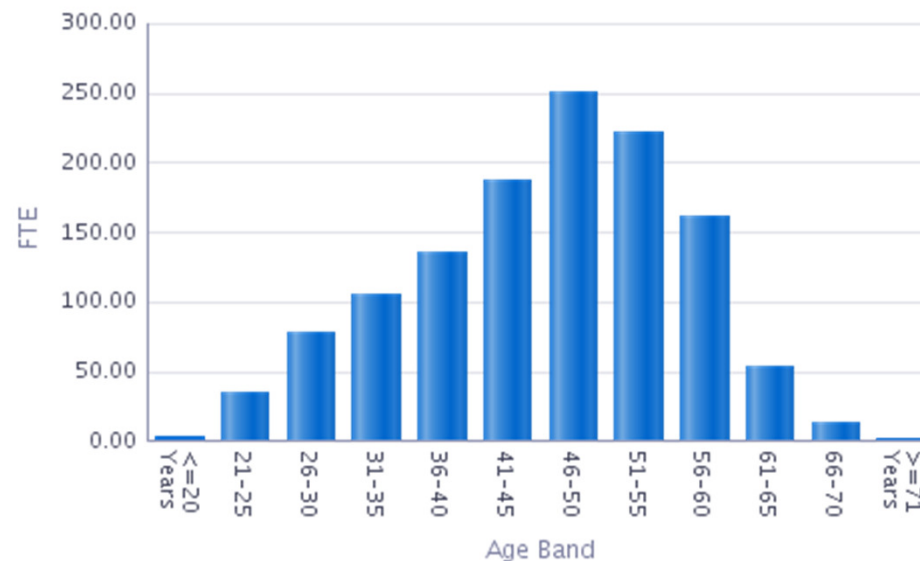
Our challenge

- ‘The crisis in general practice’*
 - 8% of NHS funding delivering 90% of all contacts
 - Consultations are up 15% during 2011-15
 - Now an average patient sees their GP 6 times per year; double that of 10 years ago
 - Struggling to recruit GPs
 - Evidence suggests that 20% of all consultations are related to non-health needs

Our challenge

- Our current model is unsustainable & provides a poor experience to our population
 - Lack of integration across health, mental health and social care
 - Reliance on an acute bed based model
 - Our urgent care system is confusing so patients default to A&E; we have increasing demand at the acute and low utilisation rates of our MIUs
 - 2% of our population consumes 33% of our health and social care resources

An ageing workforce



36% of Shropshire Community Trust staff are over the age of 50, (this varies between professions):

- 27% of AHPs fall into this group, 36% of nurses and 43% of non-clinical staff.
- over the next 5 years up to one third of nurses and one quarter of AHPs may choose to retire.

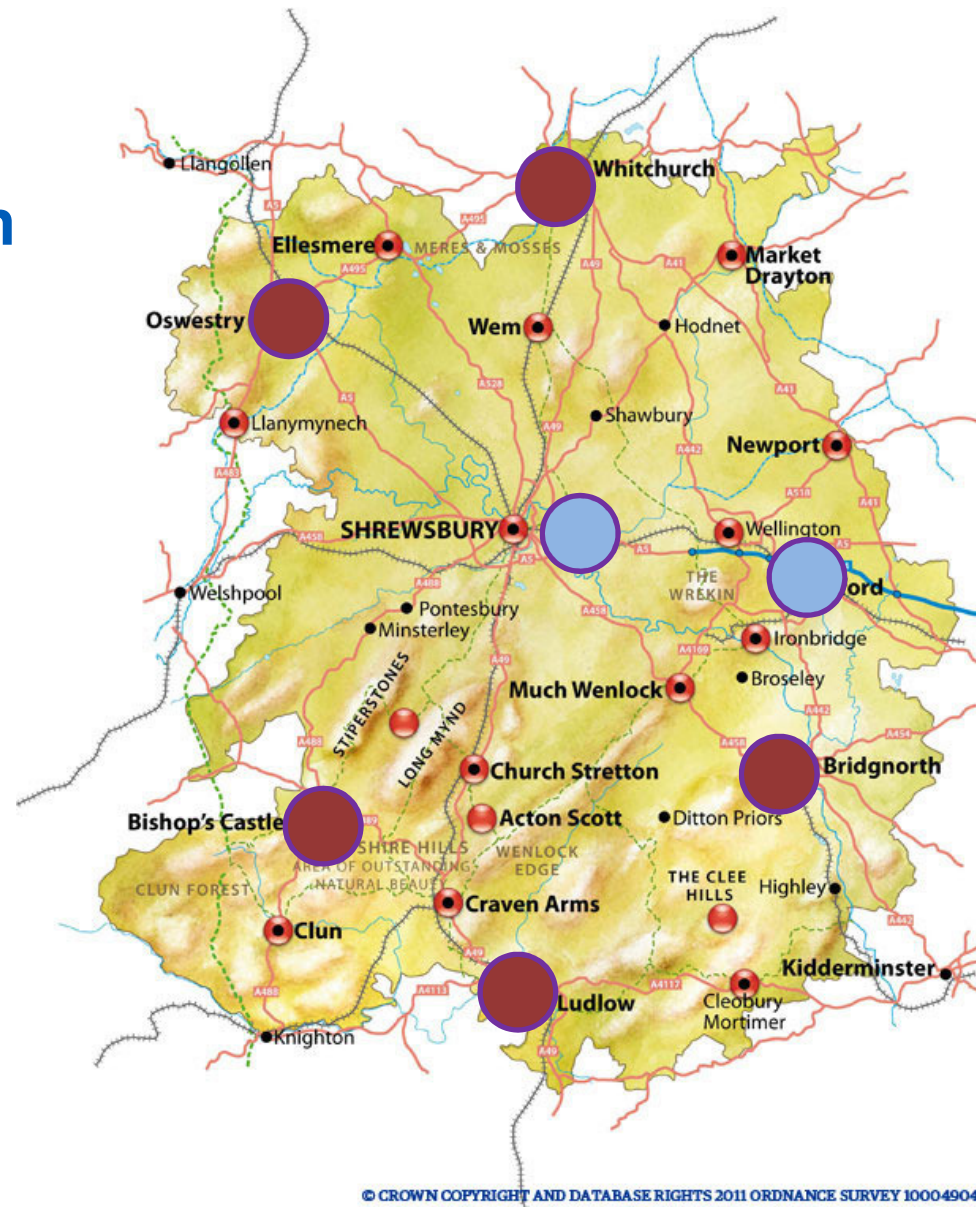
Ongoing reduction in council services

- Adult Social Care service is forecasting significant growth pressures resulting from demographics, increasing prices (National Living Wage and other such factors).
- The pressure on adult social care requires the council to respond by making significant savings in order to set a balanced budget.
- This has not yet been satisfactorily achieved for future years and continues to be the focus of the developing financial strategy.

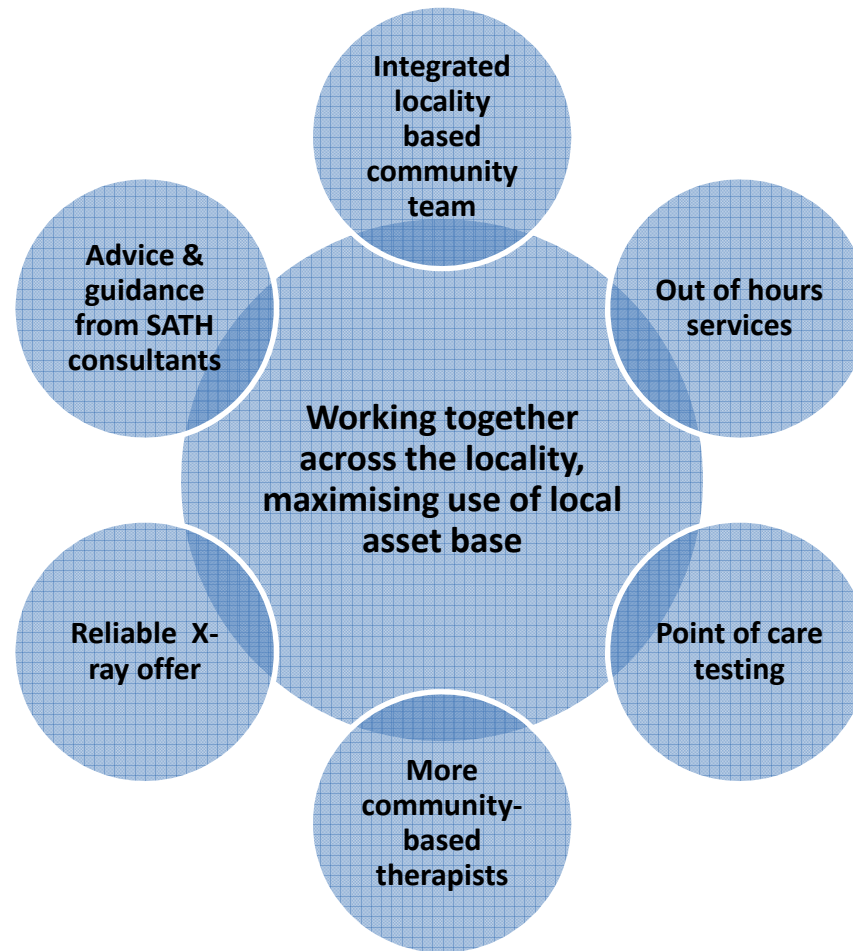


Rural Urgent Care
Dr Stephen James

Potential Location Urgent Care Services



Facilitated by: IT (shared care records), culture of integration, enhanced co-ordination and access point





Community Fit – Phase One
Ruth Lemiech

Outputs of Phase One

By April 2016:

- A description of activity currently taking place in primary care, community services, mental health and social care across Shropshire and Telford and Wrekin.
- An agreed taxonomy (classification) of care packages delivered by each of these sectors
- An agreed estimate the impact of demographic change on activity levels within these sectors
- A linked health and social care dataset, identifying patients receiving care from two or more sectors and describing they care they receive
- A description of the activity that the Future Fit 1 models anticipate will move out of the acute setting and therefore may have an impact on primary care, community services, mental health and social care services.

Outputs of Phase One - deliverables

- A descriptive analysis and report on the impact of demographic change for each group: mental health, social care, community health and pilot practices, (8 reports)
- A description of the linked health and social care data set and key messages.
- A report on the taxonomies (types of service users) across our system.
- A written report summarising our findings.

 Non PDF's	22/06/2016 09:00	File folder
 Community Fit - Appendix 1 - Resident Regis...	20/05/2016 10:49	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 3 - Mental Health ...	20/05/2016 10:55	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 4 - Adult Social Ca...	20/05/2016 10:55	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 5 - Primary Care D...	20/05/2016 10:56	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 6 - Comm Services...	20/05/2016 10:56	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 7 - Mental Health ...	20/05/2016 10:57	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 8 - Adult Social Ca...	20/05/2016 10:57	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 9 - Primary Care I...	20/05/2016 10:54	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 10 - Community Se...	20/05/2016 10:54	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 11 - Health and So...	20/05/2016 10:55	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Appendix 12 - Patient Taxon...	20/05/2016 18:25	Adobe Acrobat
 Community Fit - Project Report - v1.3	10/06/2016 09:11	Adobe Acrobat

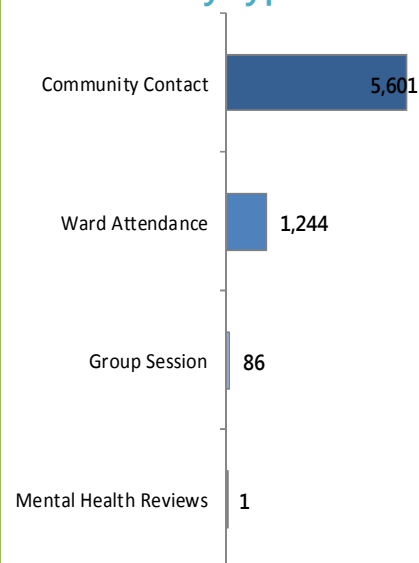
Data Analysis examples

- Mental health
- Primary care
- Community health
- Social care

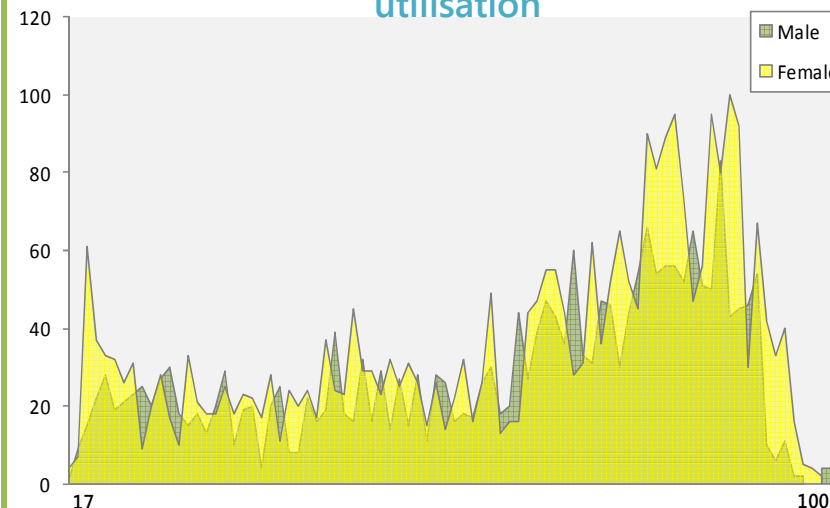
Activity overview

	05N	05X	Total
Total Contacts	4,198	2,734	6,932
Patients	3,184	2,103	5,287
Avg contact / patient	1.32	1.30	1.31
Contract Value	£1,010,017	£478,056	£1,488,074
Actual utilisation	£863,906	£358,673	£1,222,580
Activity Unit Cost	£206	£131	£269
Patient Unit Cost	£271	£171	£231

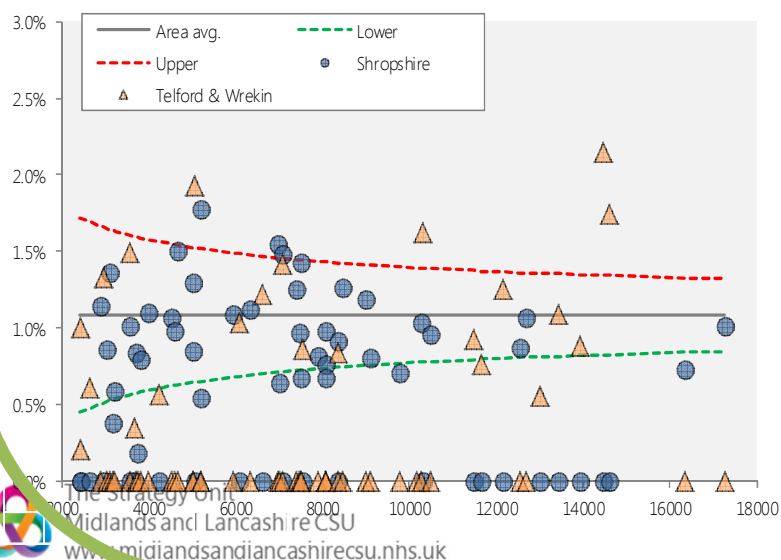
Activity type



Age-gender utilisation



Practice variation (% list size in service)



Seasonality

	Day						
	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
Apr	35	98	133	128	94	96	44
May	51	98	123	105	148	146	93
Jun	62	160	153	119	102	131	56
Jul	50	103	149	105	119	89	48
Aug	46	75	72	73	65	113	45
Sep	42	111	119	82	73	105	42
Oct	27	86	68	101	76	107	33
Nov	44	88	84	92	74	89	60
Dec	36	89	100	86	63	57	32
Jan	50	83	77	85	80	88	60
Feb	34	77	78	89	82	91	45
Mar	50	104	94	77	76	75	44

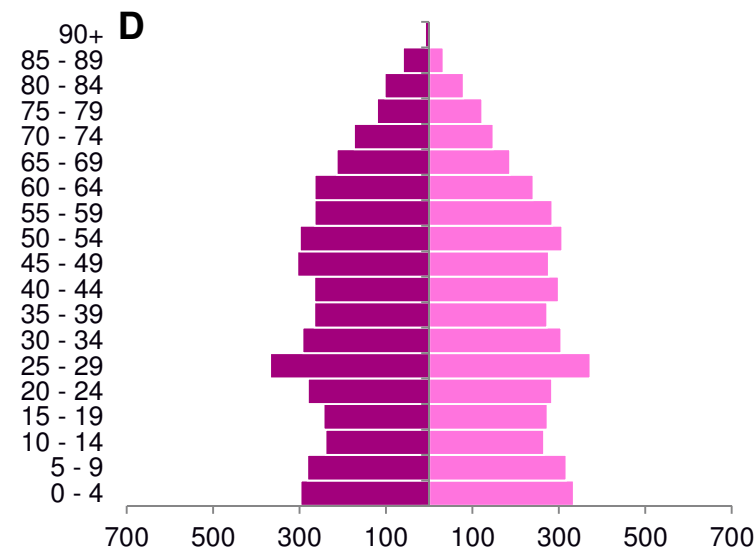
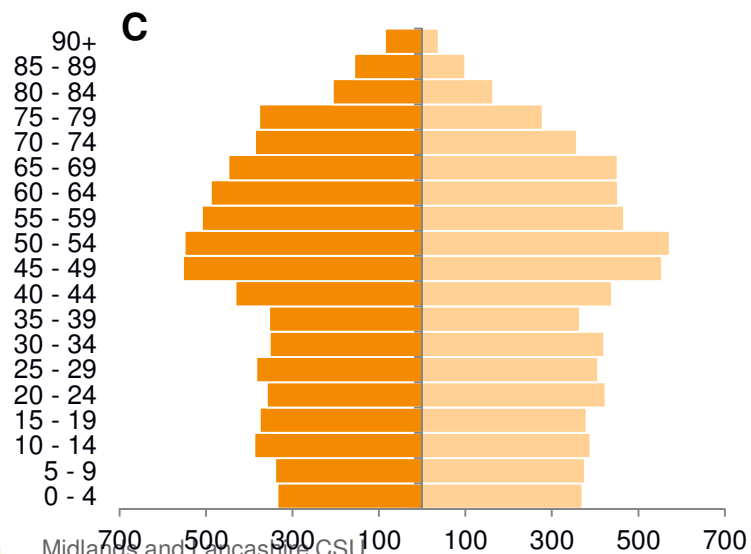
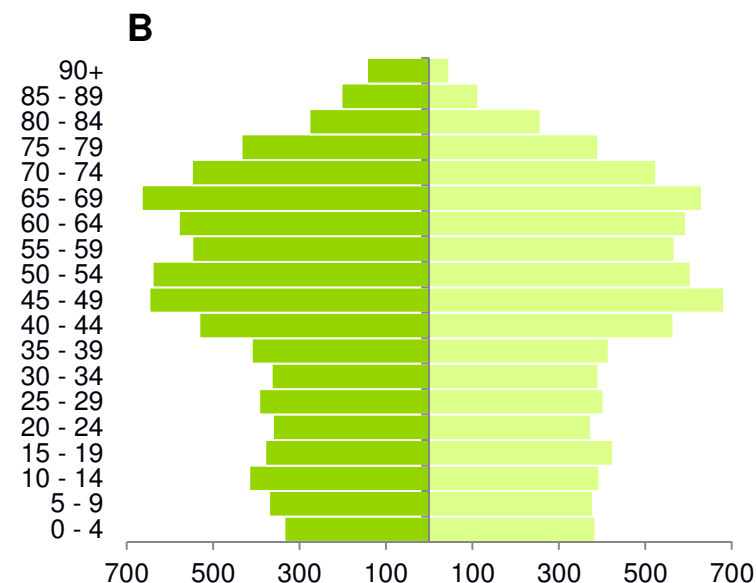
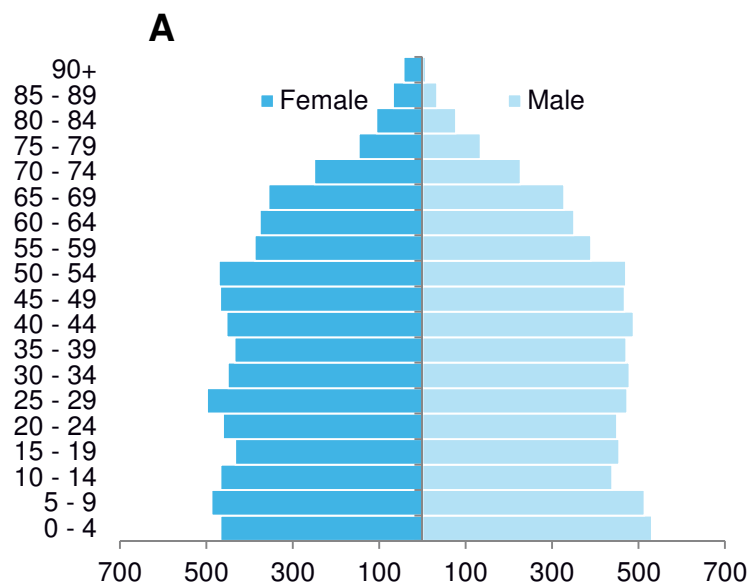
Ethnicity

Ethnic Group	Patients	%
White: British	5,601	83.9%
White: Irish		0.6%
White: Any other White background		1.4%
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean		0.0%
Mixed: White and Black African		0.0%
Mixed: White and Asian		0.1%
Mixed: Other		0.0%
Asian or Asian British: Indian		0.5%
Asian or Asian British: Pakistani		0.1%
Asian or Asian British: Bangladeshi		0.0%
Asian or Asian British: Other		0.1%
Black or Black British: Caribbean		0.0%
Black or Black British: African		0.0%
Black or Black British: Other		0.0%
Other Ethnic Groups: Chinese		0.0%
Other Ethnic Groups: Other		0.0%
Not stated / Unknown	18	13.0%



Primary care

Patient's Age and Gender Profile



Primary care

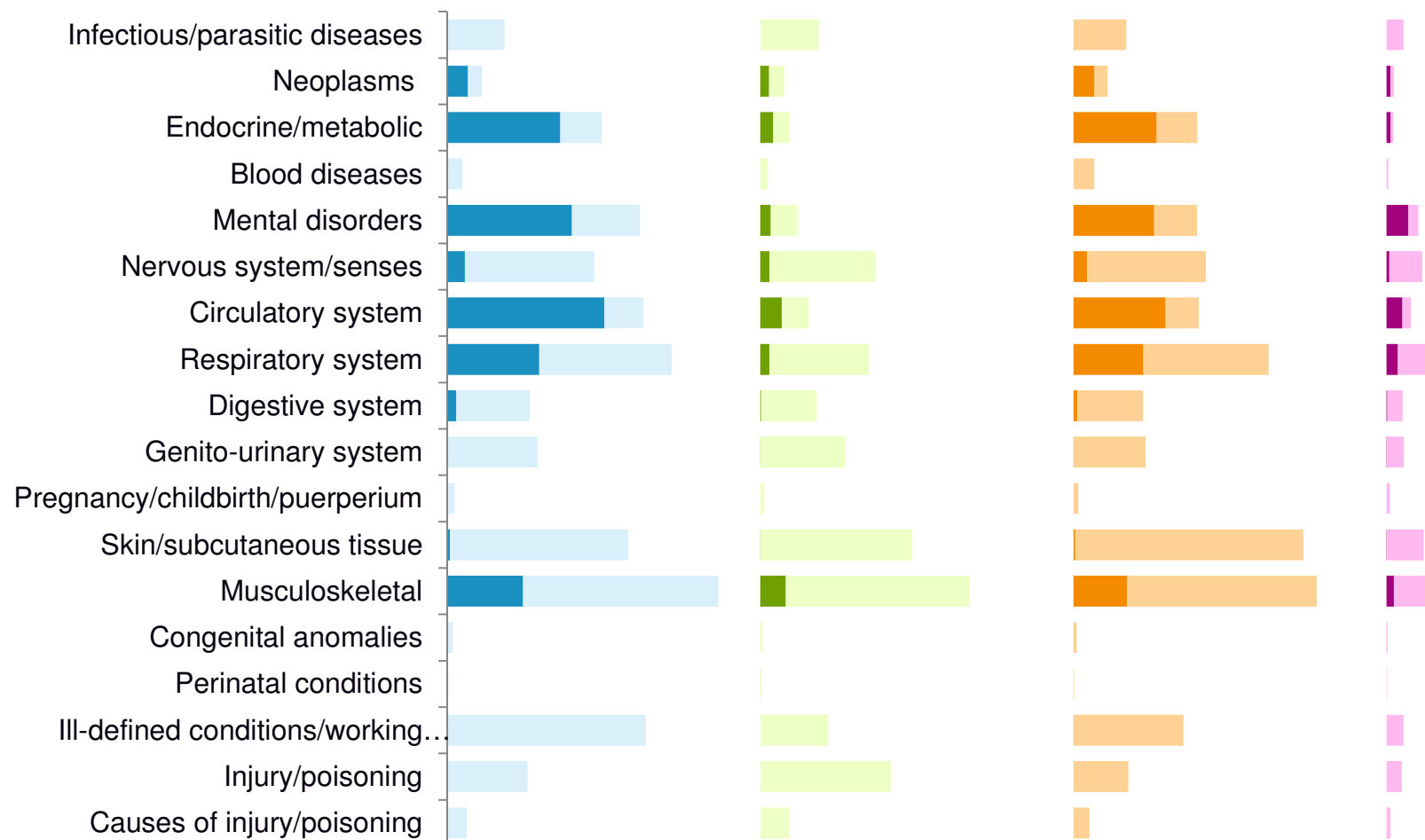


Diagnoses – LTC vs Transient / Treatable Conditions

Darker shading – Condition requiring substantial on-going management

Lighter shading – Transient / Treatable Condition

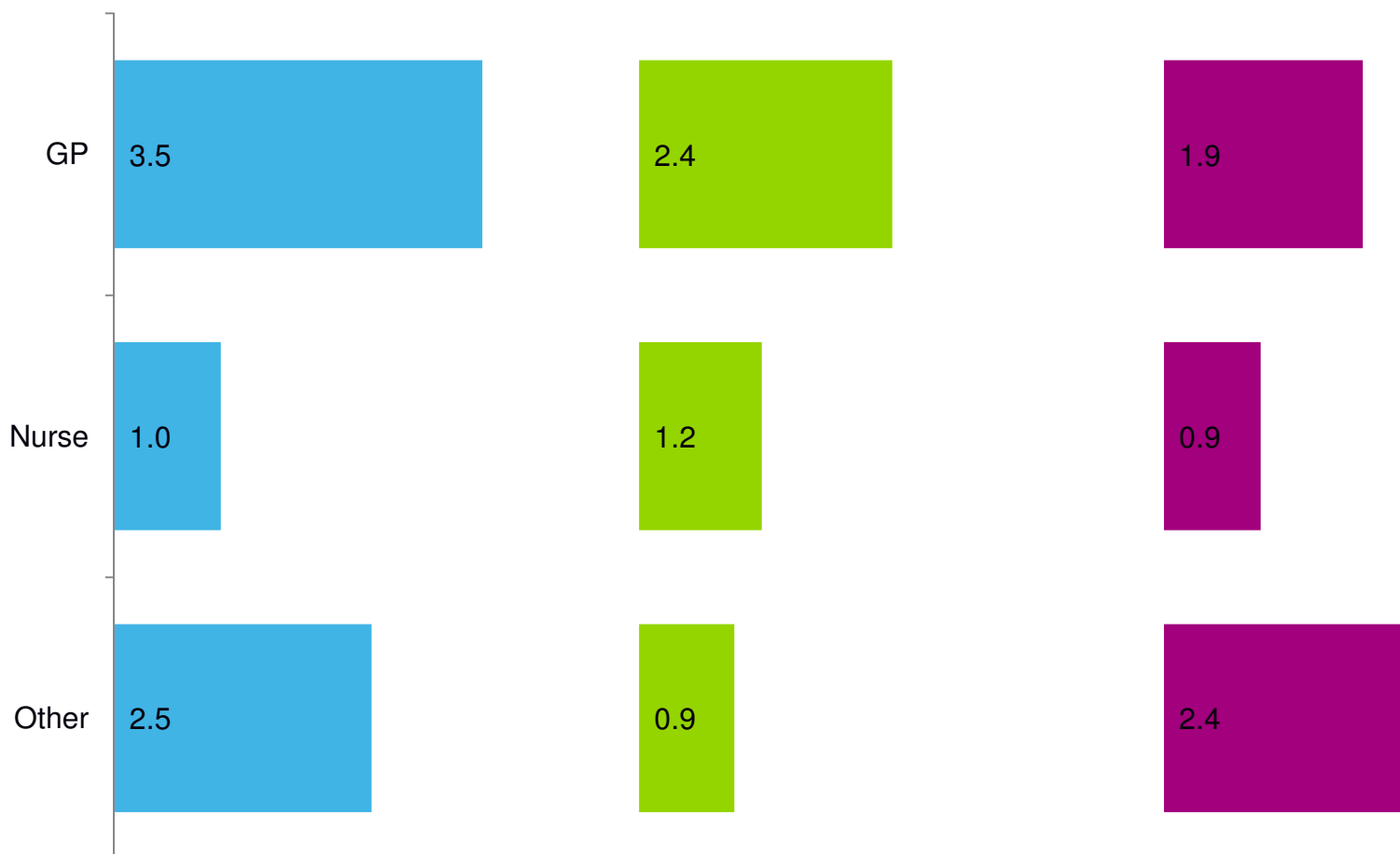
2014/15



Primary care

Consultations by Staff Type - Age/Sex Standardised rate (2014/15)

Staff type data not available for Oakengates



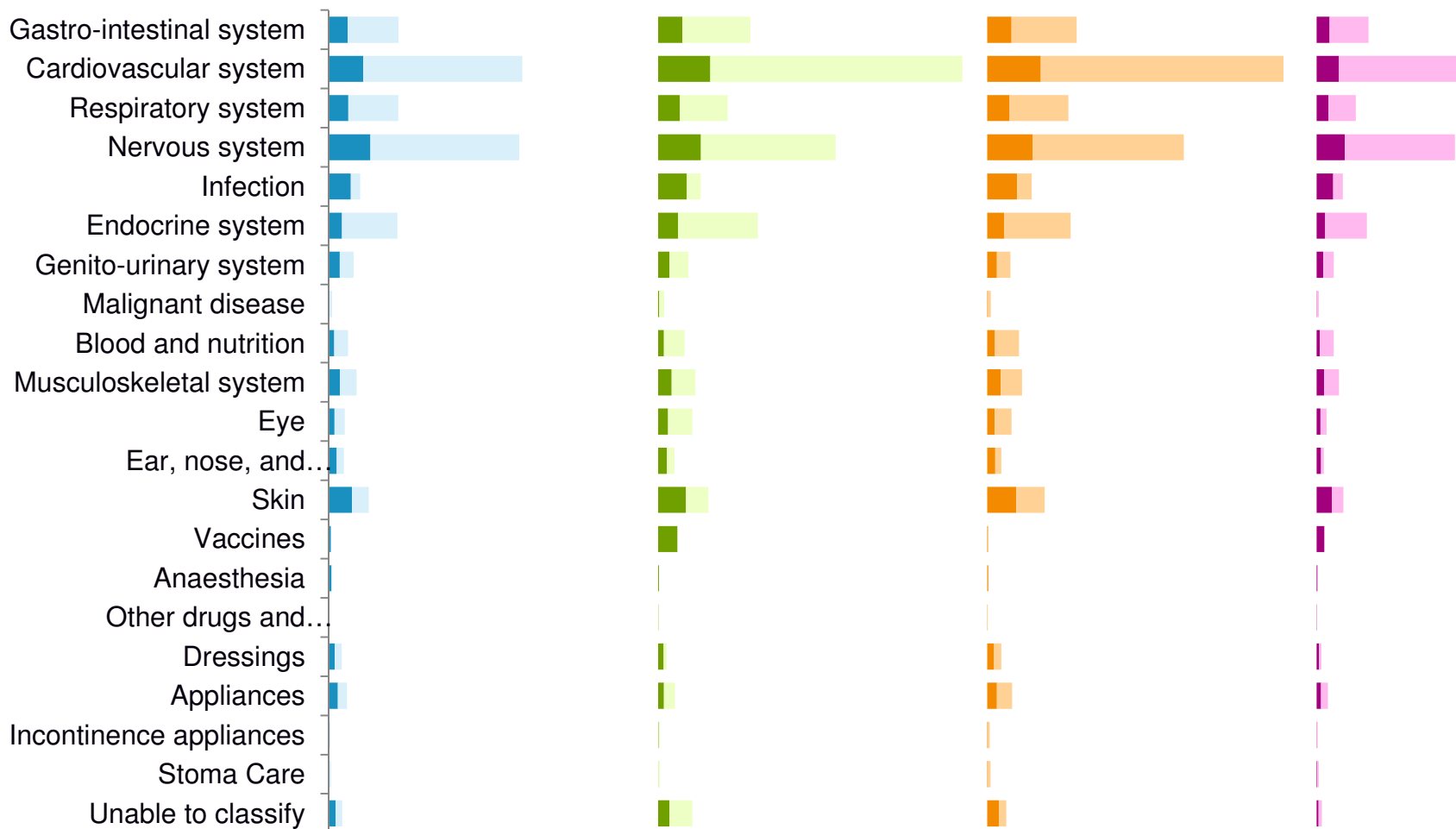
Primary care



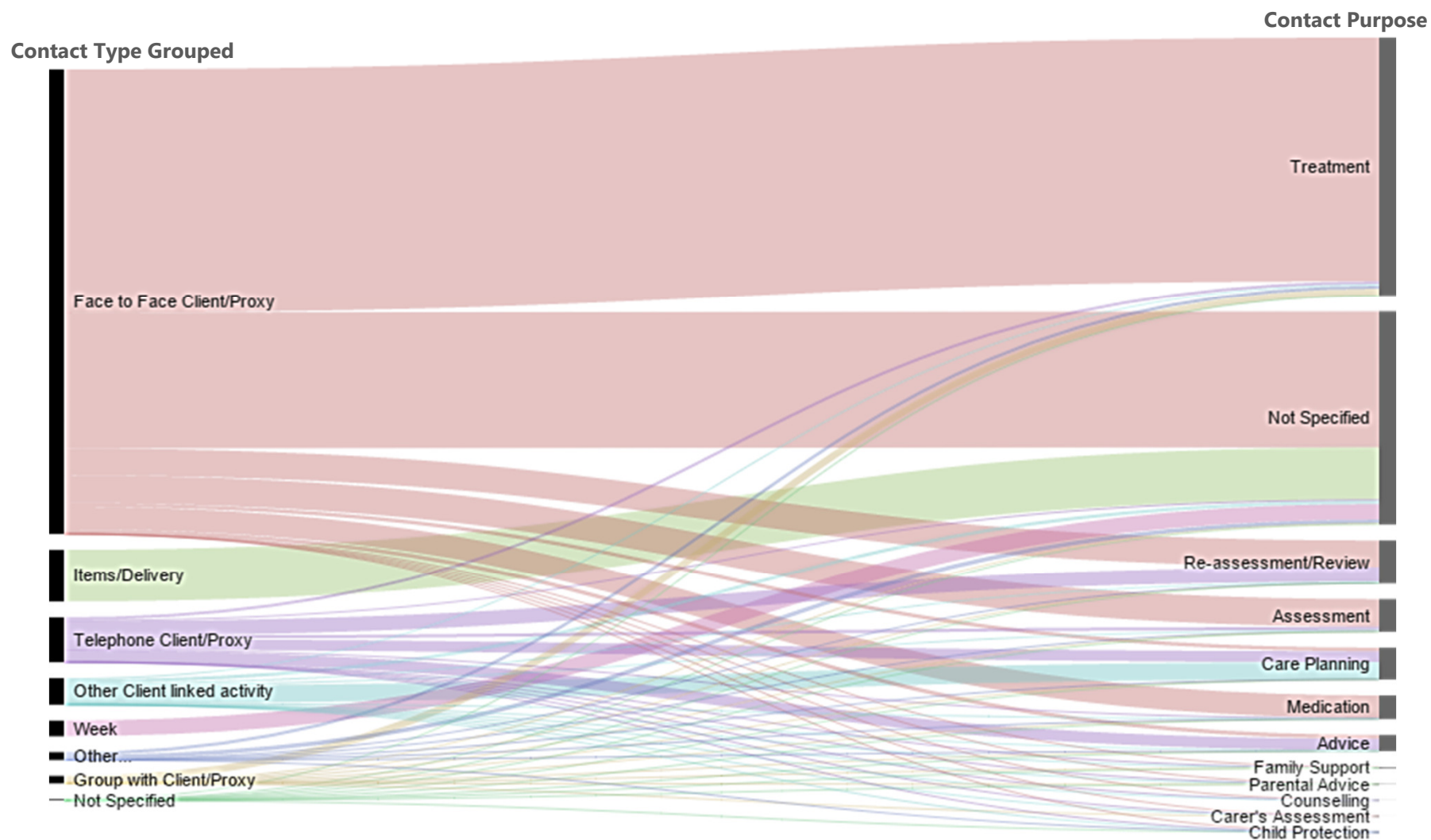
Prescriptions Issued 2014/15 ('000s) – by BNF Chapter

Darker shading – First issue to patient in 2014/15

Lighter shading – Subsequent issue to patient in 2014/15



Describing the Service – Type of Contact



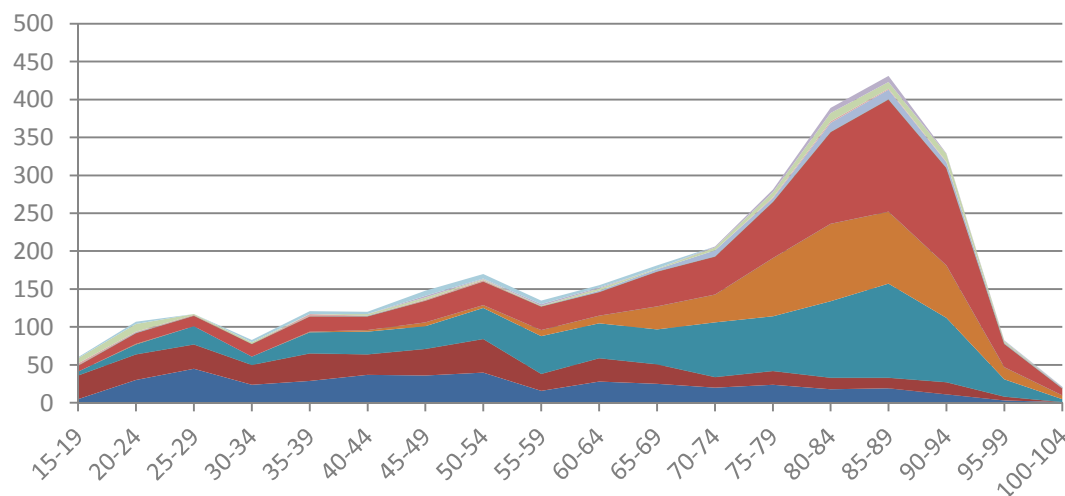
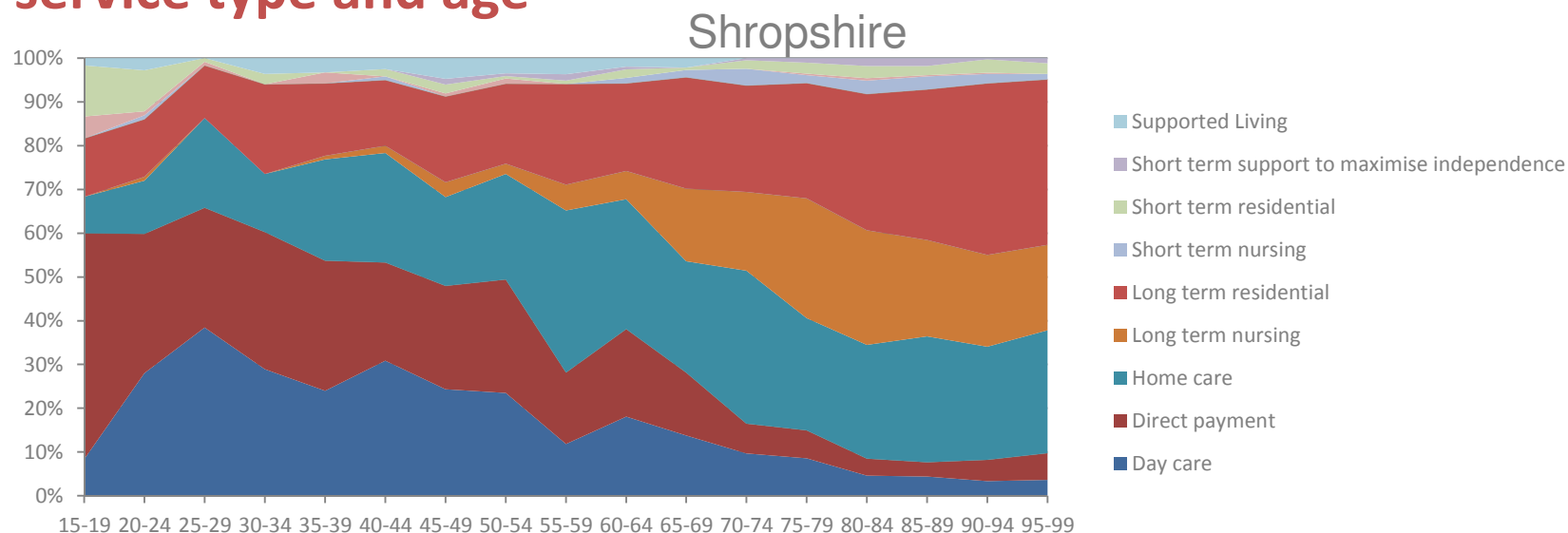
The contact type recorded in the dataset contained an extensive list of values. These have been amalgamated into groups. For full list of contact types with their allocated group please see appendix 1

Total contacts: 920,795



Social care

Patients with open packages as at 31/3/15 split by service type and age



Post 65 there are significant increase in the volume of services provided, most of this growth is in higher cost provision such as home care and residential care alongside some contraction in day care and direct payments

Note: Long term other packages have been excluded from these charts



Linked health & care data set



Matching Results

The total population aged 18 or over in Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin was estimated as 380,789 in 2014 (based on the 2014 ONS Population estimates). There were 210,859 service users who had at least one of the services in 2014/15. This cannot be interpreted as a precise proportion of the total population as some service users will have moved in or out of the region within the last year whilst the population is an average over the year.

The 210,859 matched service users were spread across 14 services. These services are listed below:

Acute

Acute Inpatients Elective/Day Case Spells
Acute Inpatients Emergency Spells
Acute Outpatients Attendances
Acute A&E attendances

Community

Community Contacts
Community Inpatients
Community Outpatients
Community MIU

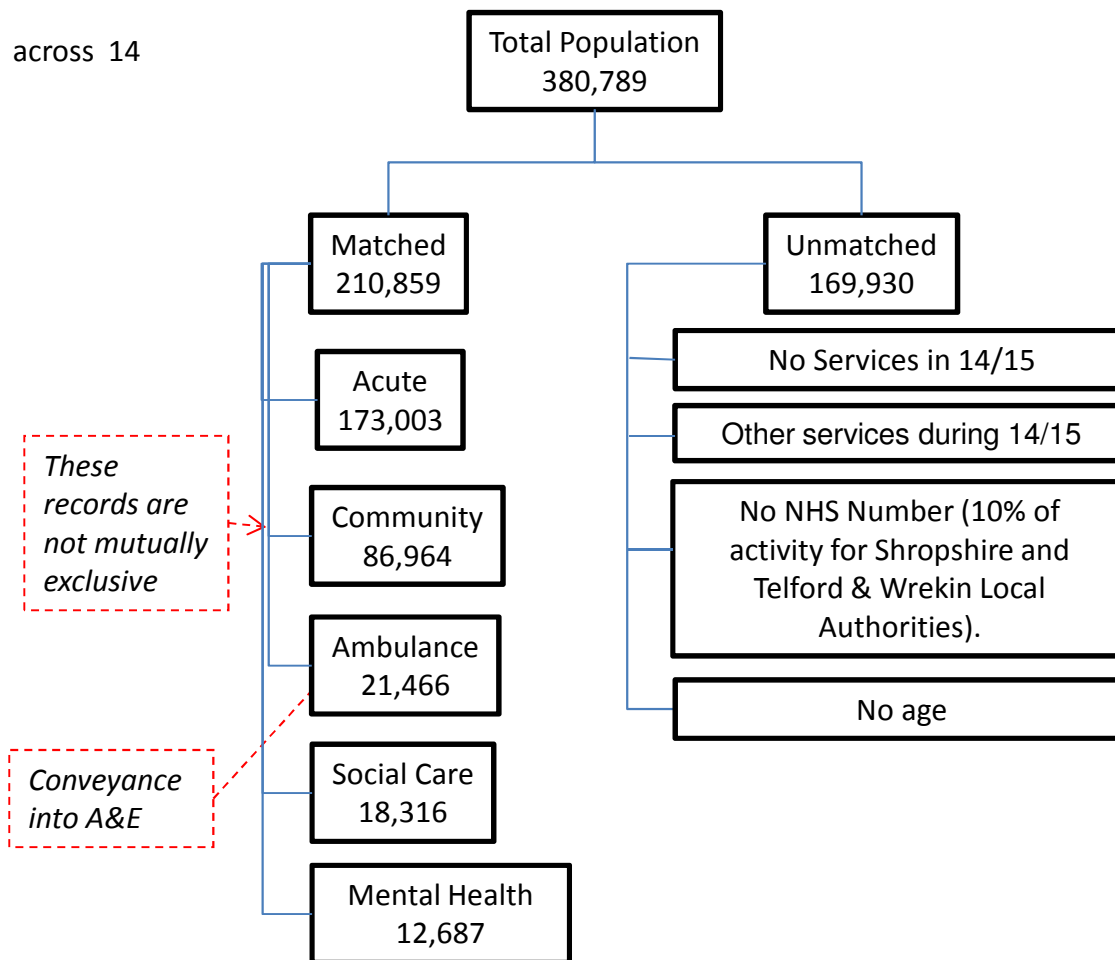
Ambulance Activity (conveyances into A&E)

Social Care

Social Care assessments
Social Care Packages of Care

Mental Health

Mental Health Contacts
Mental Health Inpatients
Mental Health Outpatients

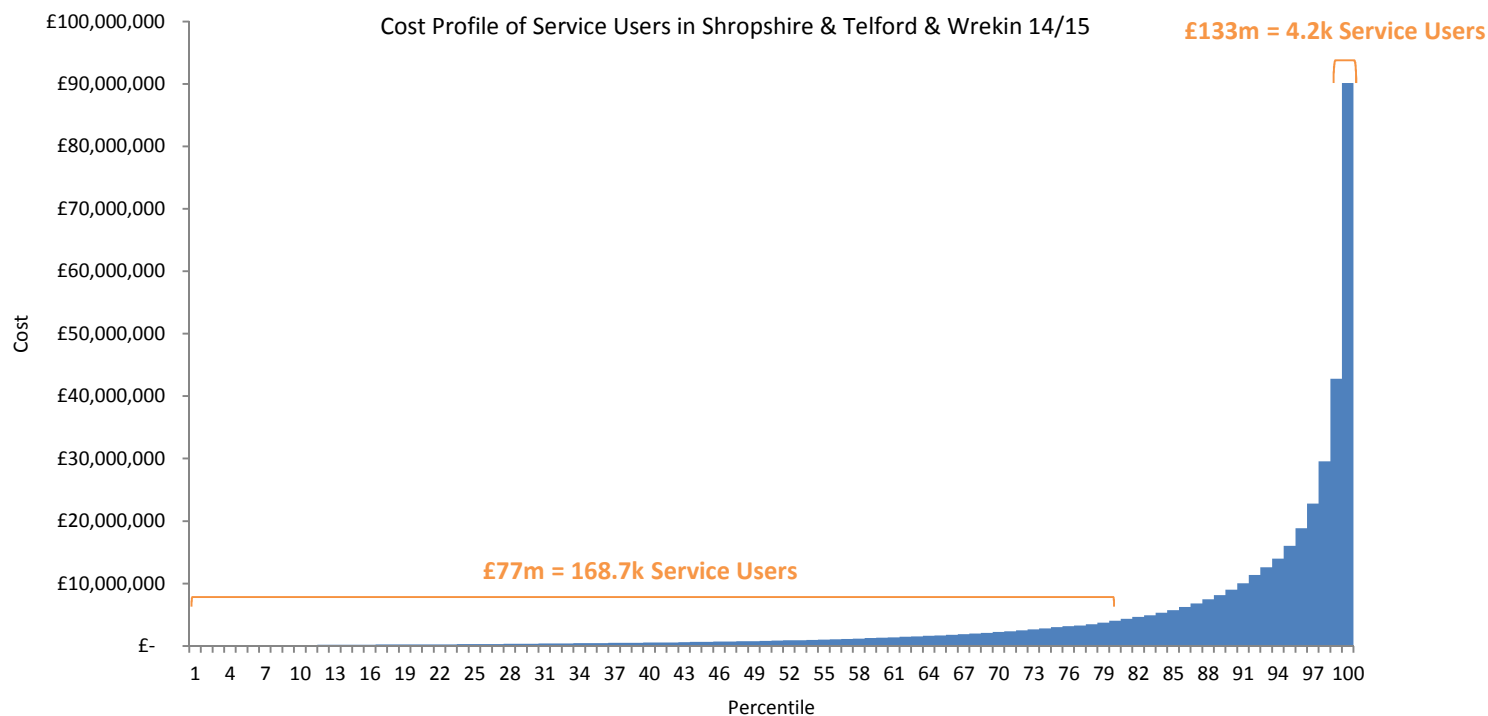


Cost of service users

The total cost of the analysed health and social care services incurred in 2014/15 was £408,147,156 which covered 210,859 service users.

The highest costing 2% of service users cost £132,910,335 compared to the least costing 80% of service users who cost less than this at £77,218,916.

This shows a large proportion of costs were incurred by a relatively small proportion of service users.



Service User Cost Bands

The service users have been grouped into 4 cost groups based on overall costs they consume. These are:
 Very High (Top 2% of all costs) , High (Top 3-10% of all costs), Medium (Top 11- 50% of all costs), Low (Bottom 50% of all costs).

	Cost band	Service Users	Total Cost / % of Total Cost	Average Cost
Very High	£16,473-£347,956	4,218	£132,910,335 33%	£31,510
High	£4,497-£16,472	16,872	£135,320,968 33%	£8,020
Medium	£395-£4,498	84,360	£122,143,127 30%	£1,448
Low	£5-£394	105,409	£17,772,726 4%	£169



Learning from other transformation programmes

David Haslewood **West Wakefield Health & Wellbeing**

Carol Foster & Sara Bains **Wellbeing Erewash - Your Life Your Way**

Rachel Redgrave **SATH Transforming Cancer Care**



Wellbeing Erewash

Your Life Your Way



Wellbeing Erewash
Your Life Your Way



The stars have aligned.....





Wellbeing Erewash
Your Life Your Way

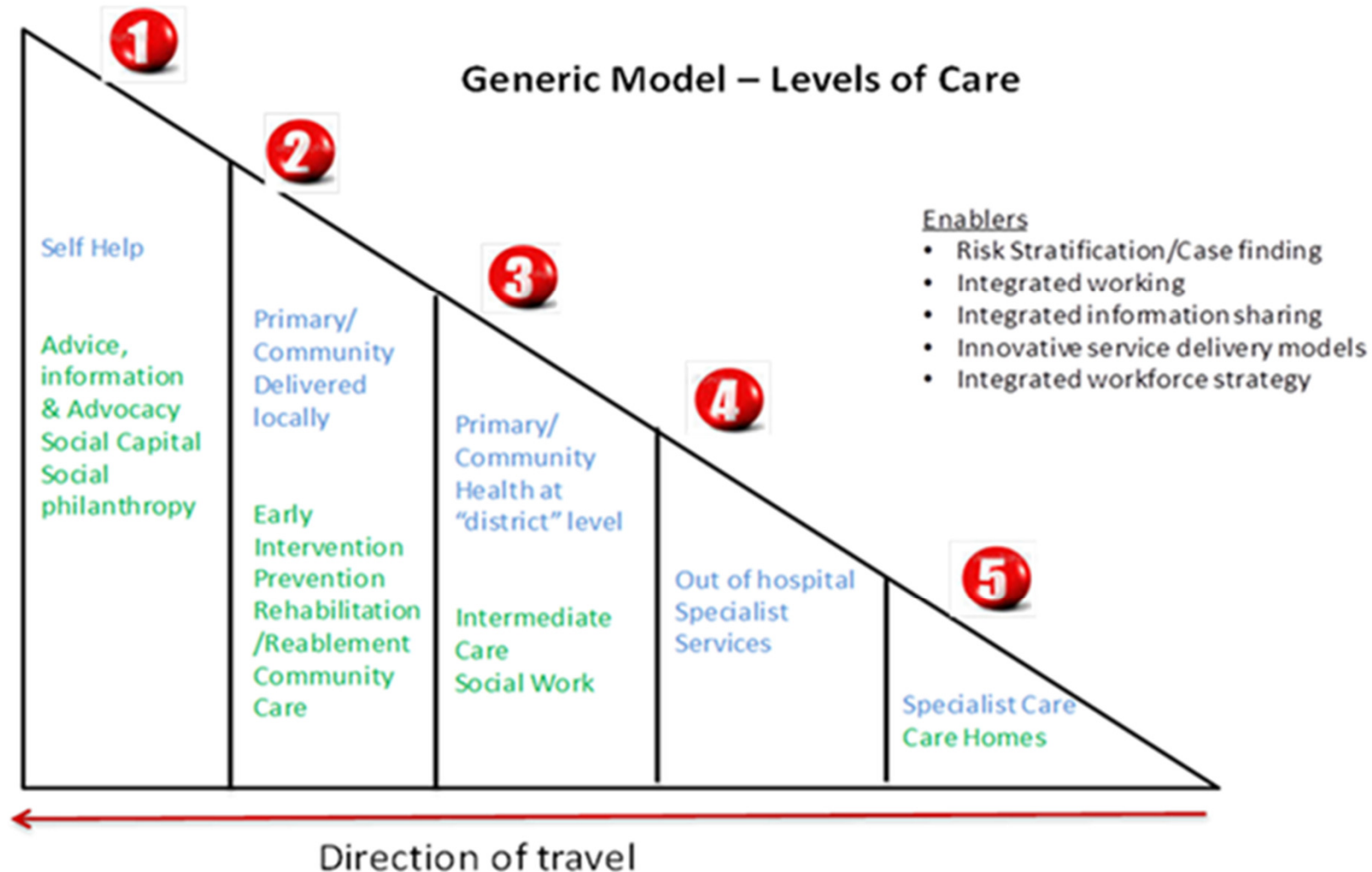


What is Wellbeing Erewash doing?

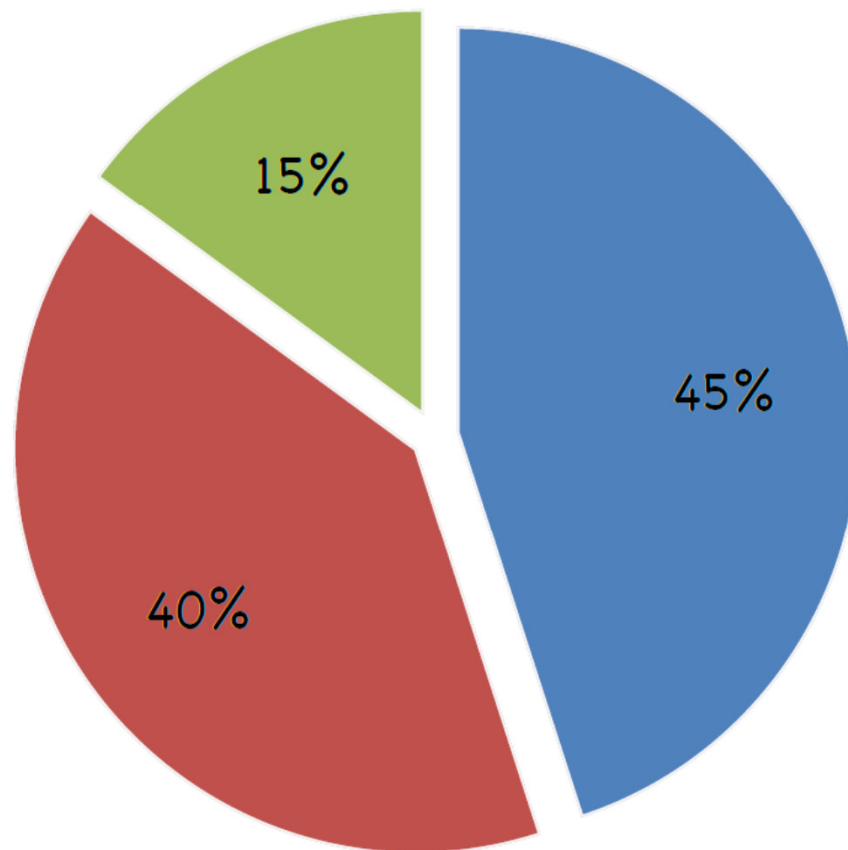


- Building Community Resilience
- Building Personal Resilience
- Integrated and Primary Care Services

Moving Resources



J. Michael McGinnis, Pamela Williams-Russo and James R. Knickman The Case For More Active Policy Attention To Health Promotion Health Affairs, 21, no.2 (2002):78-93 - adapted from <http://www.kingsfund.org.uk/time-to-think-differently/trends/broader-determinants-health>



● Social & Environmental factors ● Health Behaviours ● Clinical Care



Wellbeing Erewash
Your Life Your Way

How?

- Listening to people/Citizens
- Understanding our data
- Working with schemes that are already up and running

Listening to people/citizens

- The need for a single point of access for information
- People don't know what they don't know
- Wellbeing currently means health and services to people
- People want a person centred approach
- People want more joined up working
- We need to build strong communities
- Volunteering focus needs to be promoted



Understanding our data



Data suggests we have:

- Higher than the national average mortality rates for liver disease in Erewash
- Higher than the national average of alcohol related hospital admissions in Erewash
- Very poor rates of physical wellbeing in people with Mental Health conditions in Erewash.

Building Community Resilience



- Helping people to help each other
- Reducing loneliness
- Helping people to belong to communities and be part of something
- Supporting the voluntary sector

Building Personal Resilience



- Prevention of illness
- Being treated as a person when using services
- Wellbeing planning
- Understanding Young people

Integrated Primary and Community Services



Wellbeing Erewash
Your Life Your Way

- Delivering Services in a different way
- Good clear information of where to get help and when
- Joined up care across services
- Timely response when needed

What do you think?





Thank you



Wellbeing Erewash
Your Life Your Way



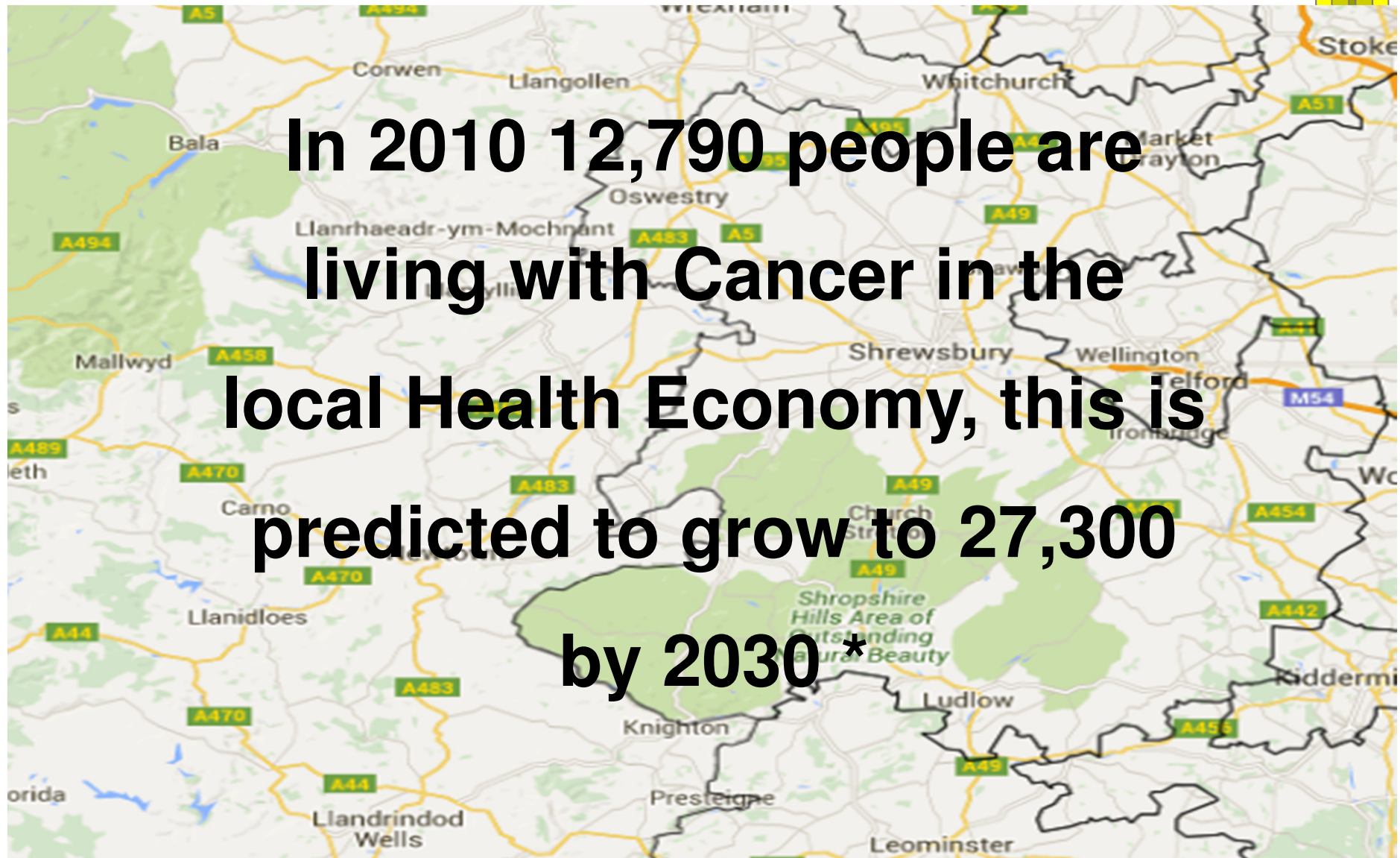
Creating the Healthiest Half a Million Population

Transforming Patient Care: Using Digital Technology

Dr Sheena Khanduri – Lead Clinician, Cancer Services

Mr Andy Elves – Clinical Director, Patient Access

Rachel Redgrave – Centre Manager, Oncology & Haematology

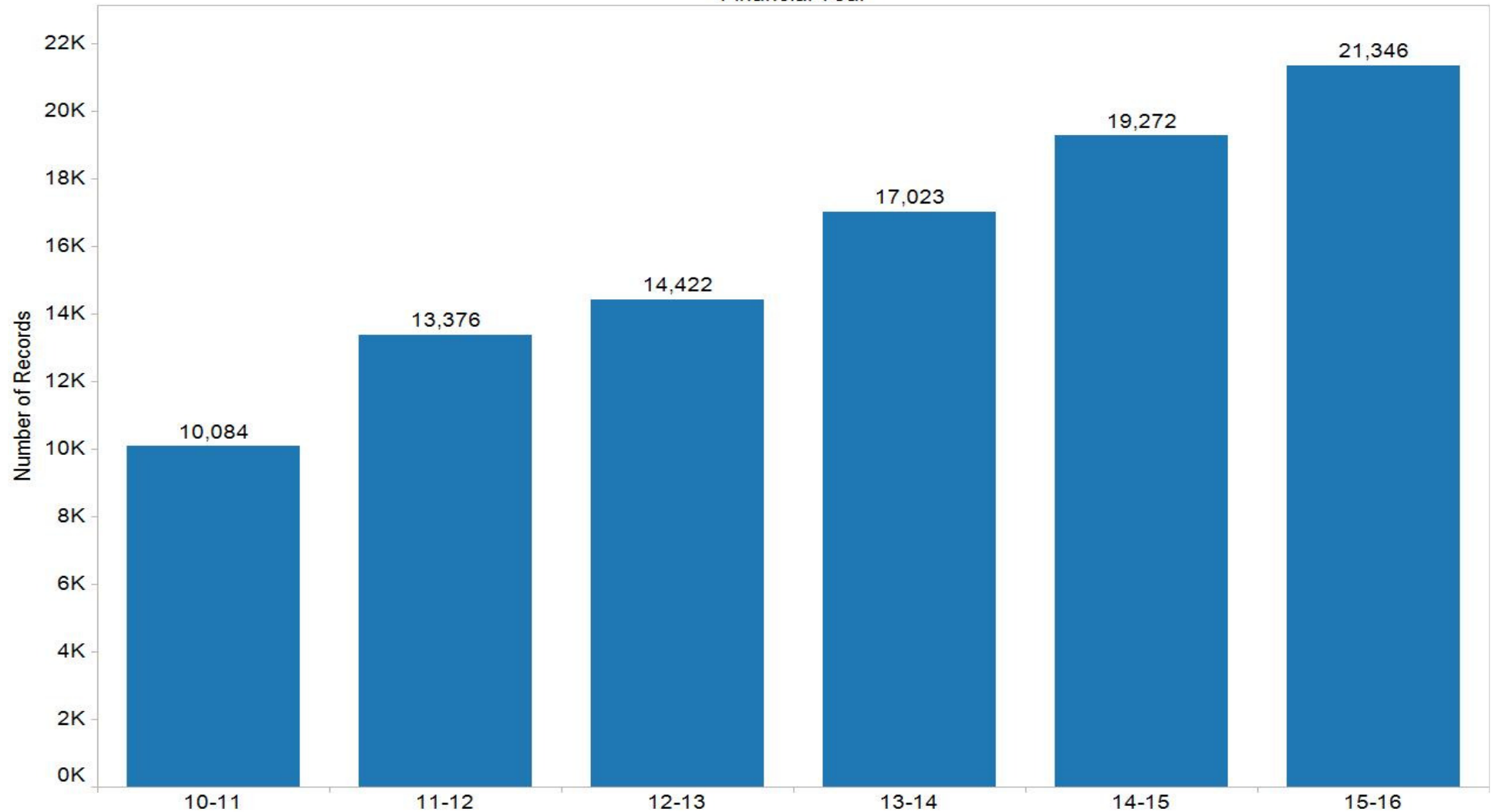


* Excluding Powys



Referrals to 2ww pathway 2010-2016

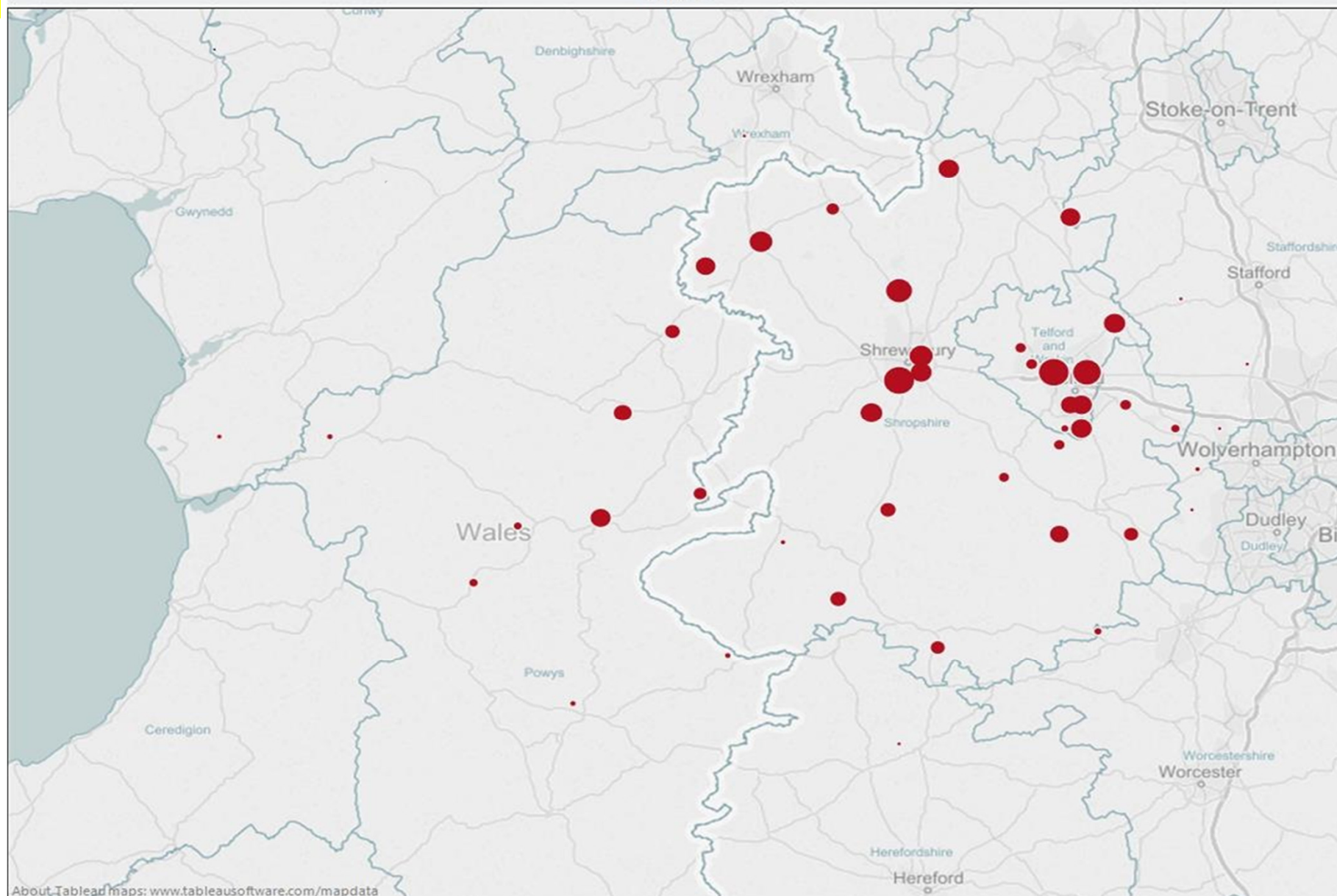
SaTH 2WW 10-16
Financial Year





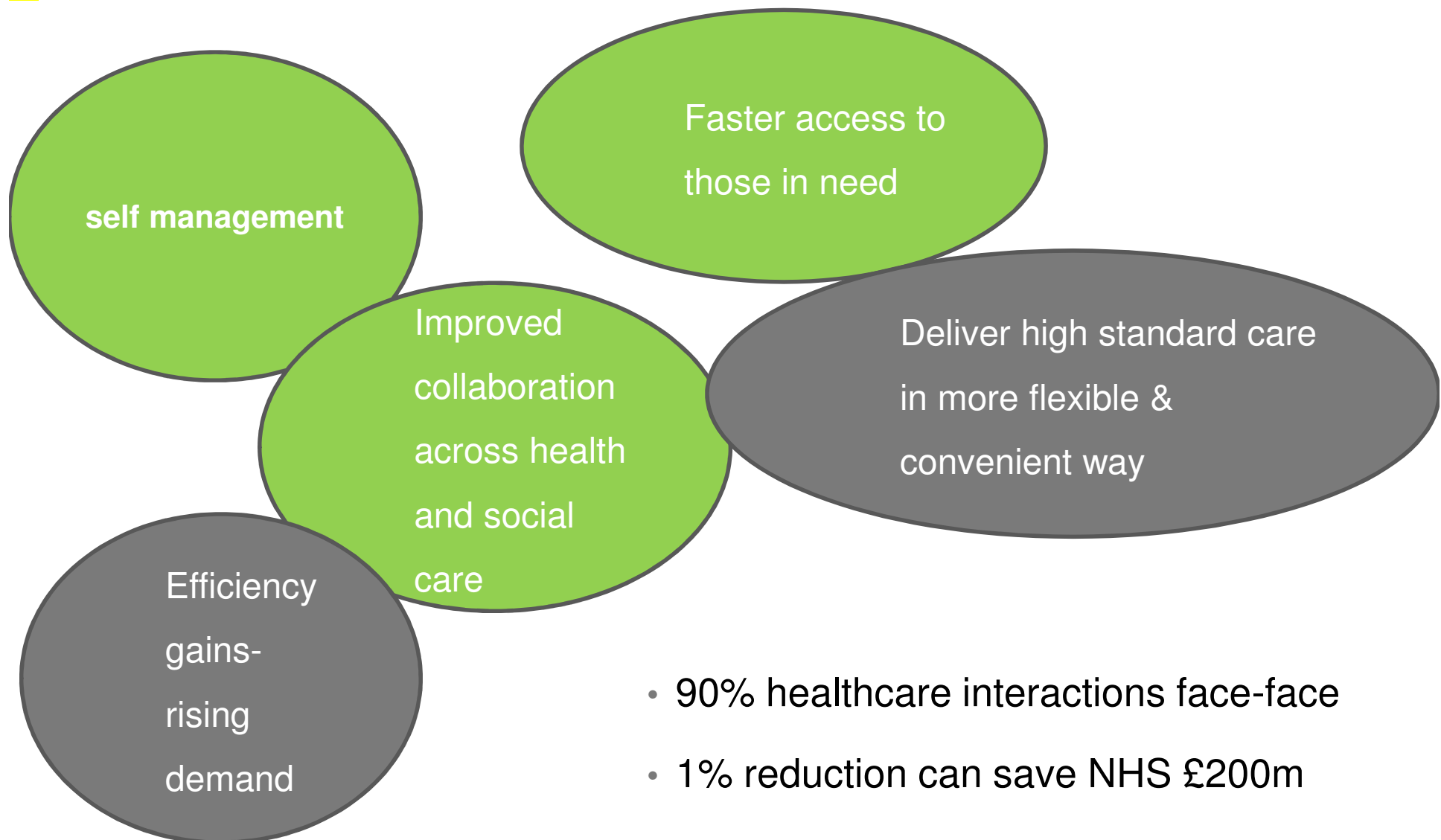
Patients receiving radiotherapy between 1.10.14-31.10.15

Location is patients postcode and bigger size of dot represents how many from that area. This information is pulled from Somerset and is correct at the time of refresh.





Digital Technology - Benefits





/files/achieving_world-class_cancer_outcomes_-_a_strategy_for_england_2015-2020.pdf

ACHIEVING WORLD-CLASS CANCER OUTCOMES

A STRATEGY FOR ENGLAND
2015-2020



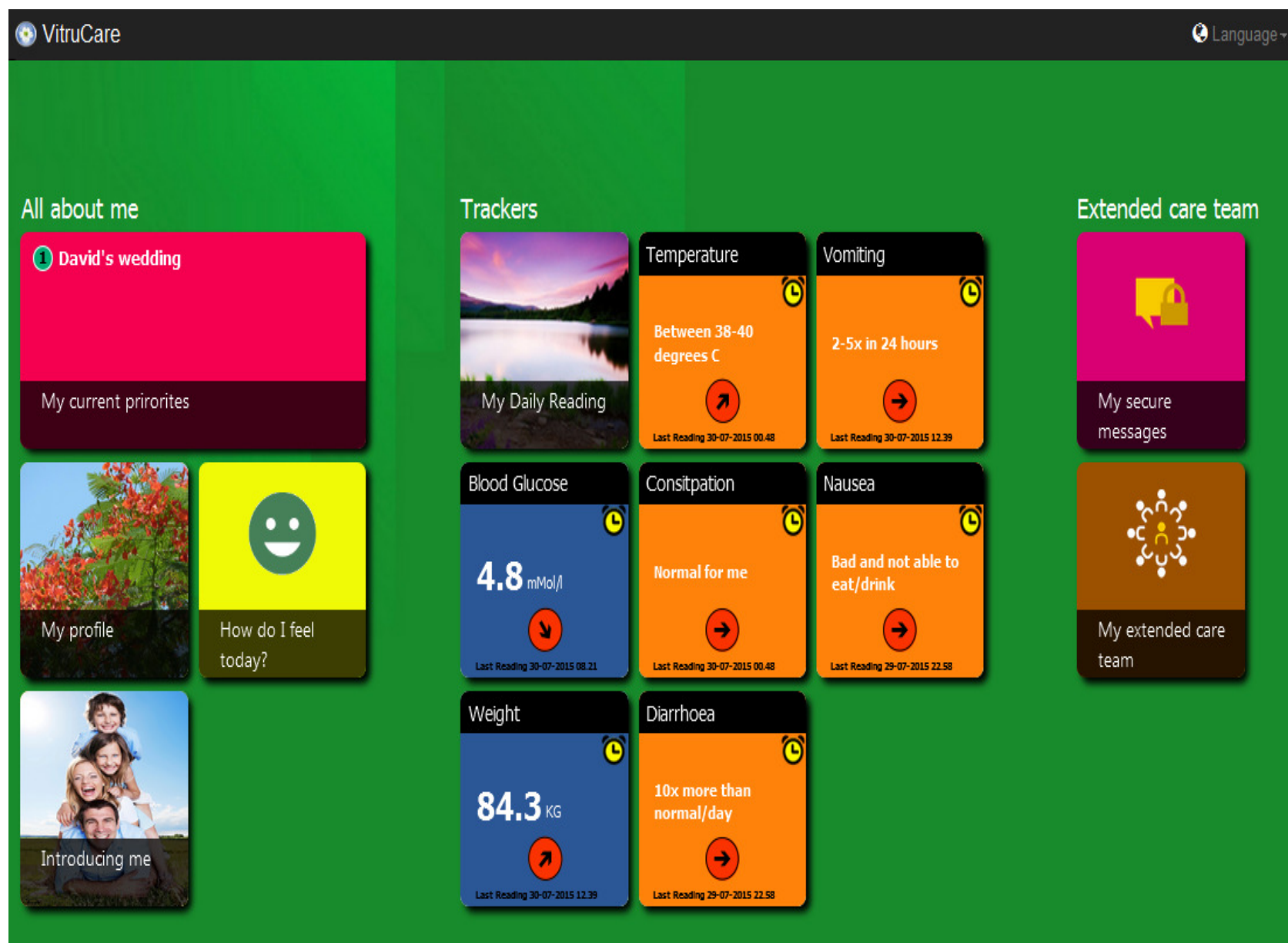


Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital - Oncology Health Innovation

To introduce a responsive 24/7 telehealth self-monitoring system that reduces the number of chemotherapy patients admitted to hospital with neutropaenic sepsis



VitruCare App example





My Diarrhoea reading

31/07/15



10:13 AM



None

2-3x more than normal/day

4-6x more than normal/day

7-9x more than normal/day

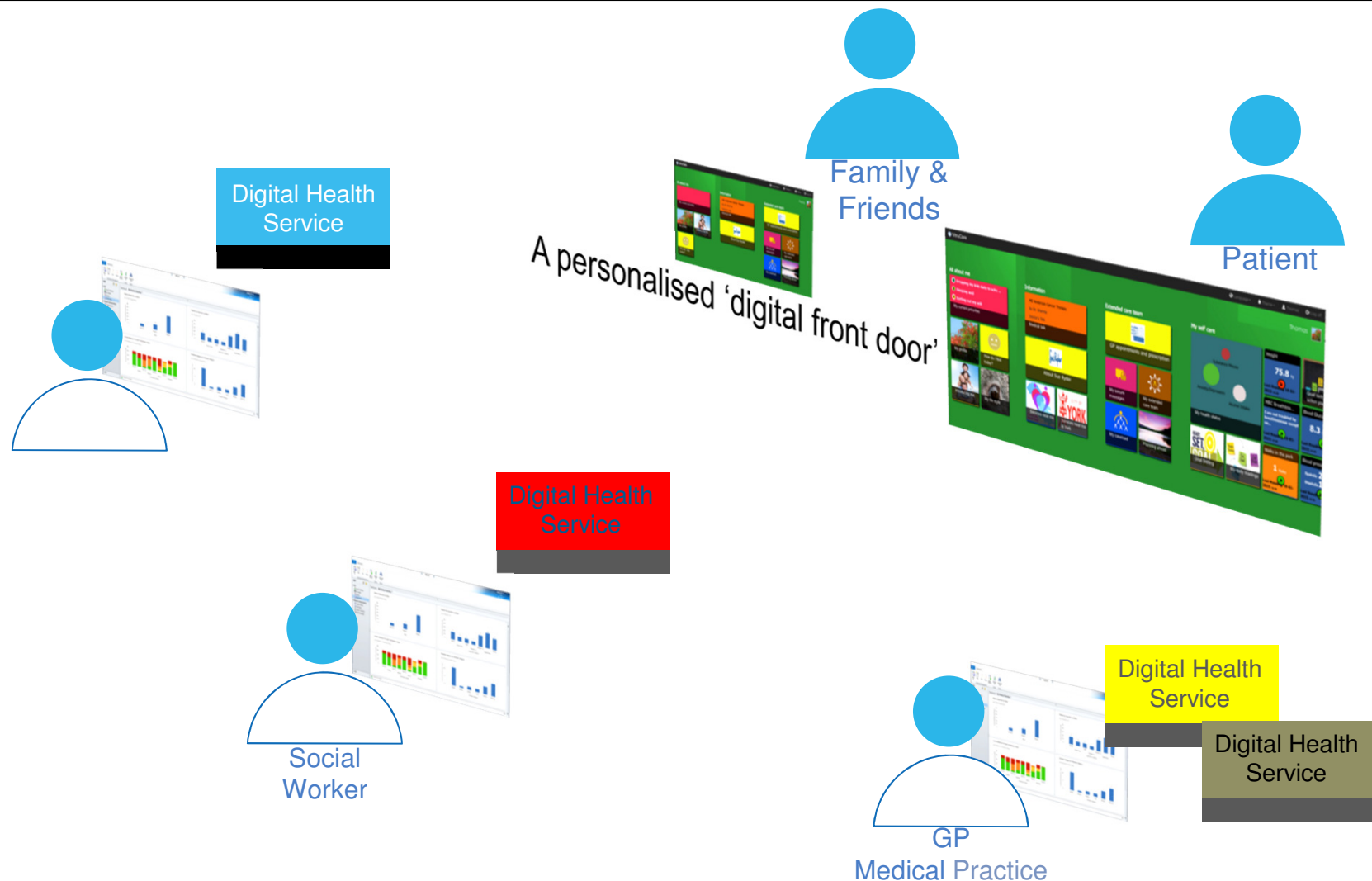
10x more than normal/day



Save

VitruCare: a 'digital front door' to many care providers

Designed initially for people with LTCs

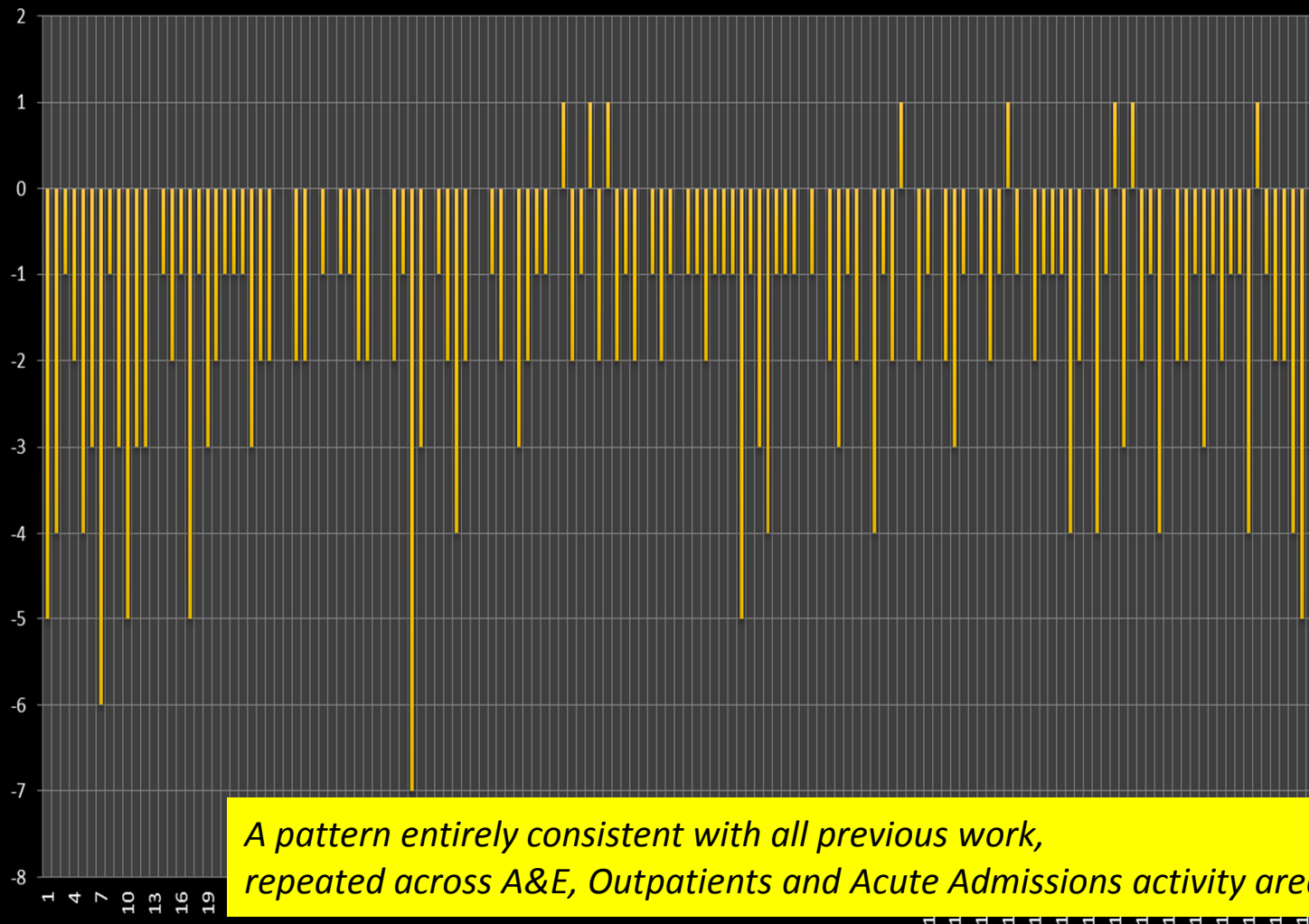


Digital must deliver **improved** outcomes and reduced service utilisation



VitruCare repeated-measures study outcomes for **LTC** Patients – for 144 patients, a sample from 800 users

Δ GP Practice Visits [no. of visits over period]



*A pattern entirely consistent with all previous work,
repeated across A&E, Outpatients and Acute Admissions activity areas*



A 'formulary' of digital services exist today

- how VitruCare enables Choice, Support and Connection

My Extended Care Team Campaigns

My Profile

Electronic Health Record (PHR)

Introducing me

Cross organisation work
management

My Care Choices / Care
Plan

Knowledge Sharing

Limits to My Care

Tele Medicine (video)

My Daily Readings

How Do I Feel Today

Information on
my Health

Secure Messages
to/from my Care
Team

My community

GP Appointment

Planning Ahead

Booking for face to face

Things to do

Prescription Refill

My Goals & Action

Patient Feedback

Plans
Services for Me

Commissioning Intelligence on
virtual practice population

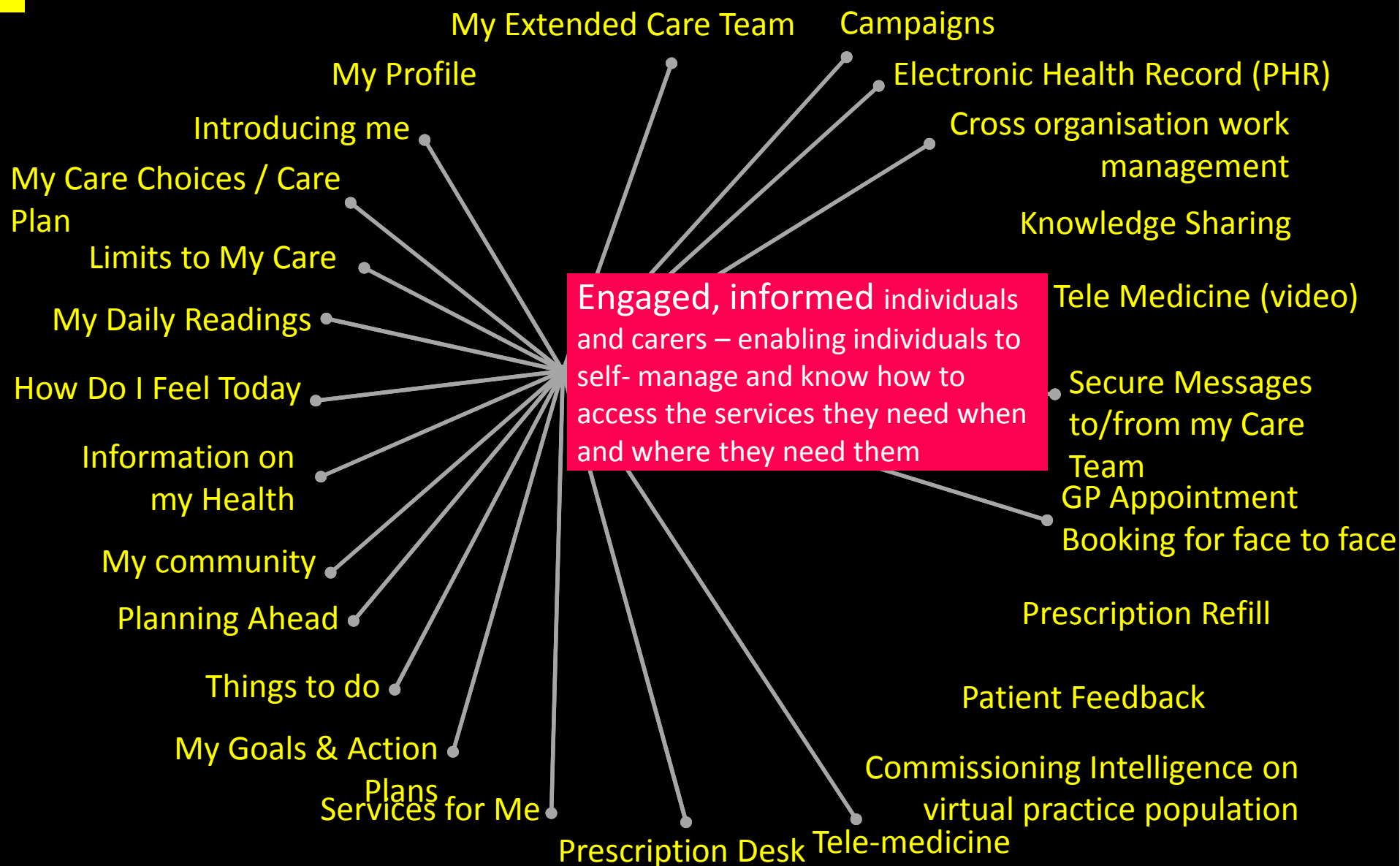
Prescription Desk





Supporting self management

- how VitruCare enables Choice, Support and Connection





Supporting new care processes and how VitruCare enables Choice, Support and Connection





Sharing information across boundaries

- how VitruCare enables Choice, Support and Connection





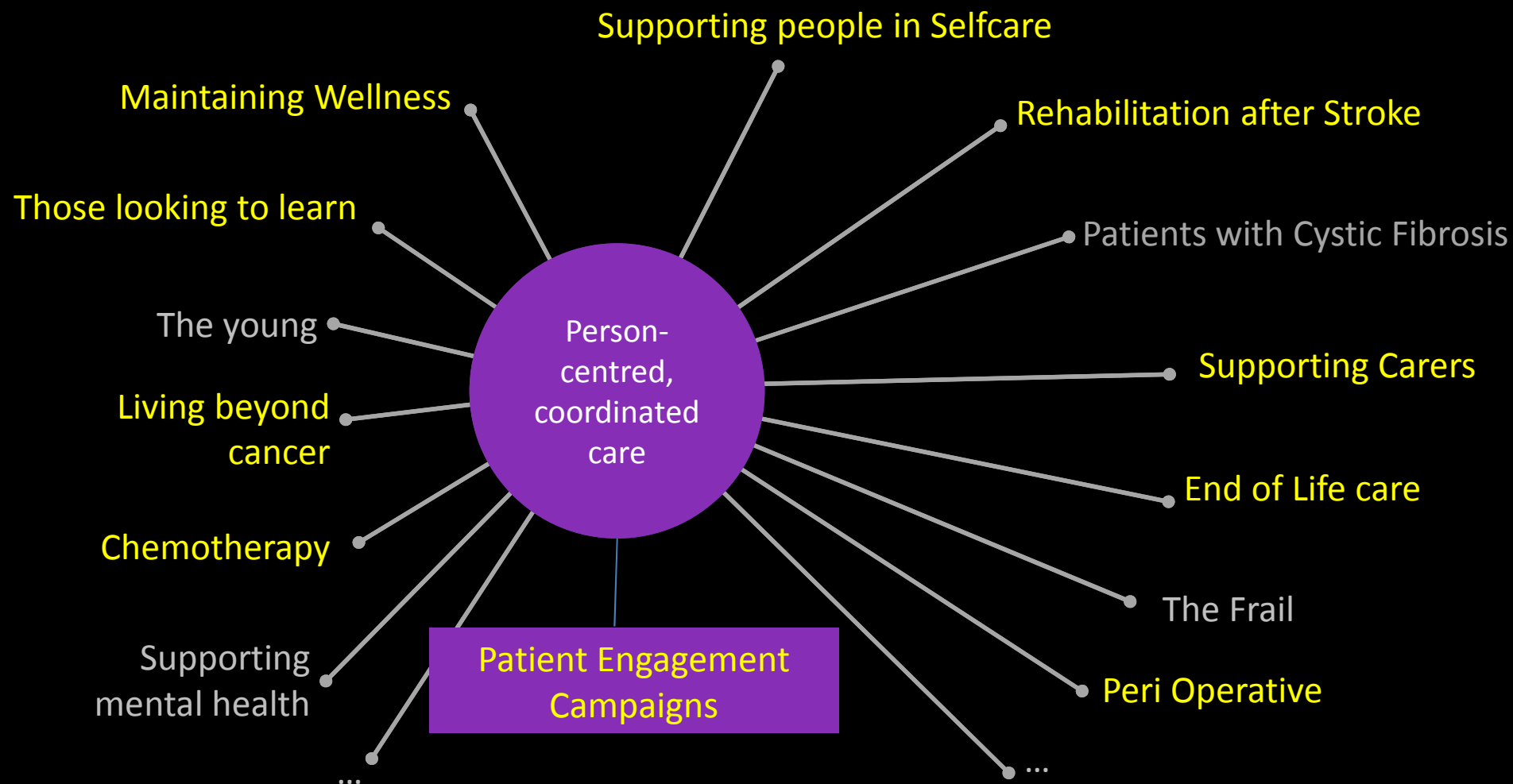
Supporting commissioning decisions

- how VitruCare enables Choice, Support and Connection





VitruCare supports an increasing number of patient cohorts



The clinician prescribes, the patient selects,
digital services created in partnership
with care specialists, with technology providers



self management

Faster access to
those in need

Creating the Healthiest Half a Million Population

Efficiency
gains-
rising
demand

Improved
collaboration
across health
and social
care

Deliver high
standard care in
more flexible &
convenient way



Developing the Vision for Community Services

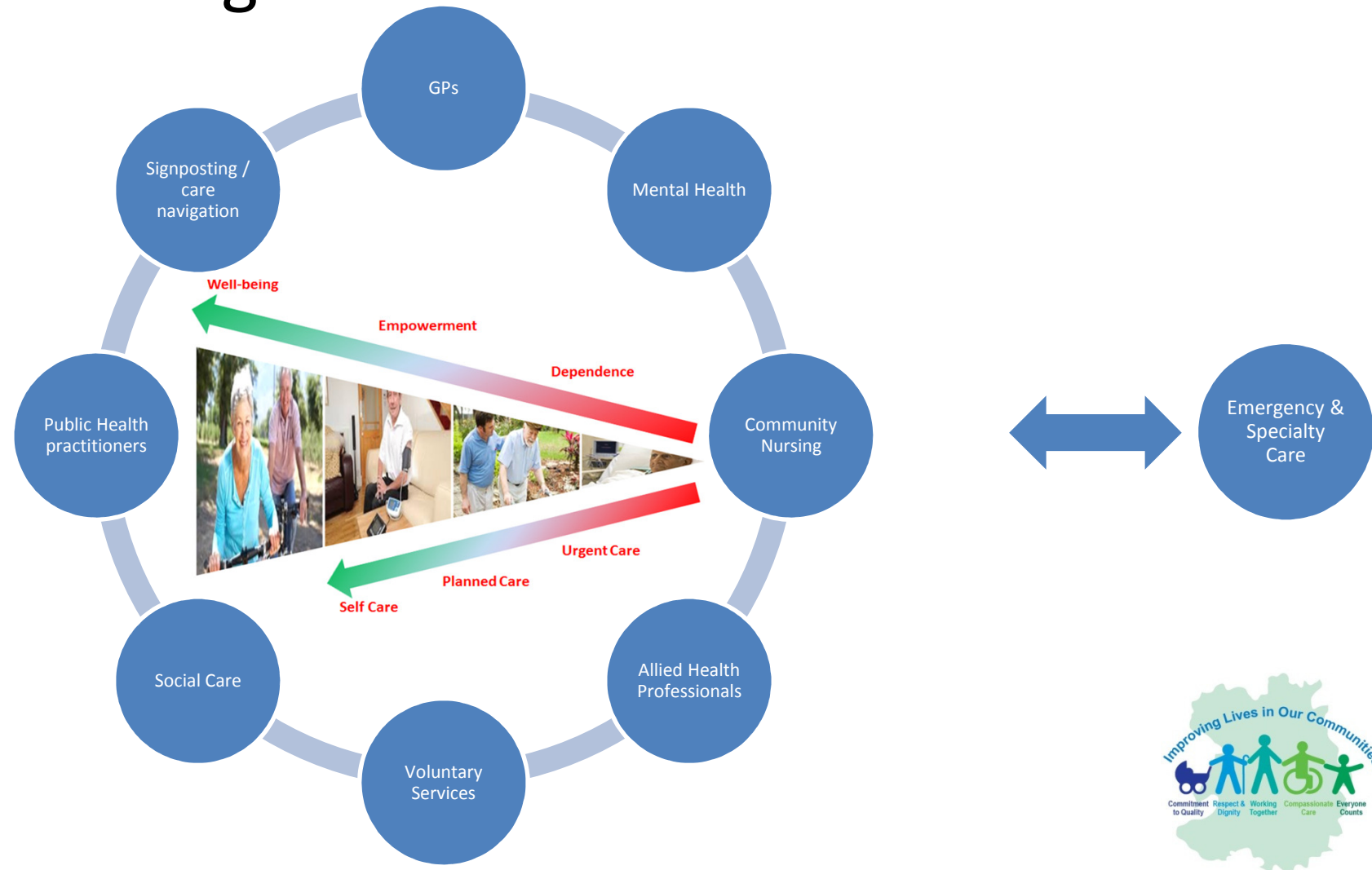
Anna Hammond, Deputy Executive for Commissioning & Planning, Telford CCG

Mel Duffy, Director of Strategy, Shropshire Community Health NHS Trust

Telford's Community Care Model



Neighbourhood Care Teams





Discussion

Stephen James & Jo Leahy